



IMPLEMENTING FOR IMPACT PART B: RESOURCING FOR SOCIETAL IMPACT

AESIS Institutional Structures for Societal Impact of Science Kathryn Graham PhD, FCAHS Executive Director, Impact Action Lab May 25, 2022

LEARNING OBJECTIVES



Implementing for Impact Part B: Resourcing for Societal Impact

- 1. What are institutions doing to incent, recognize and award societal impact?
- 2. Understand the types of tools available to embed societal impact?
- 3. What are the skills sets needed to advance societal impact?



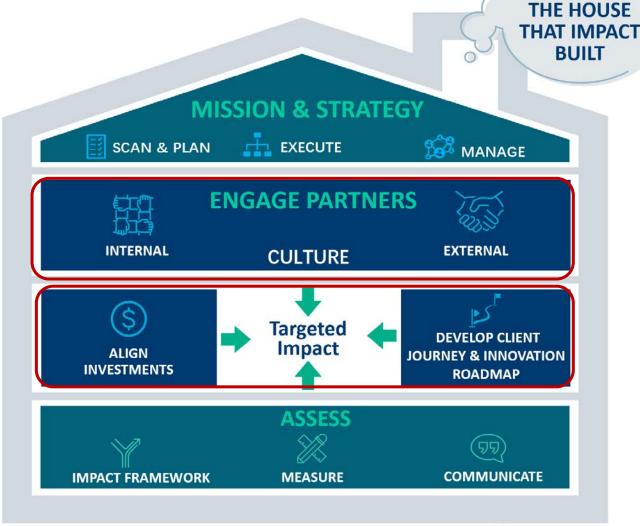


1. INCENTIVES FOR IMPACT

INCORPORATING PERFORMANCE AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS



PIMS helps align organizational purpose and processes to achieve targeted outcomes and impact



Continuously IMPROVE & ADAPT Source: Alberta Innovates PIMS 3.0 May 21, 2022

IMPACT Insights. ACTION LAB

ECOSYSTEM & INSTITUTIONAL CRITERIA FOR SUCCESS



How are institutions rewarding societal impact of research?

Research Impact	Example of Indicators	Performance and Evaluation Audit	Focus
	 Peer review Indicators Authorship Order Journal Impact Grant funding National or International Reputation 	Relevance	Is the institution or research doing the right things?
Excellence		Coherence	<i>Coherence how well does the institution or research fit?</i>
Societal Impact	 Reach Significance Citizen engagement Impact Categories Cultural Economic Environmental Health Social 	Efficiency	<i>How well is the institution or research using resources?</i>
		Effectiveness	<i>Is the institution or research achieving its objectives?</i>
		Impact	What difference is the Institution or research making?
		Sustainability	Will the benefits last?

INSTITUTION-LEVEL INCENTIVES



Recruitment, promotion and tenures

- Recommendation letters from nonacademic colleagues
- Review panels include impact criteria
- Integrating societal impact into academic staff handbooks
- Training resources for hiring staff

Adaptive Management

Adaptive and Creative Management

Broadening Public Engagement and Citizen Networks

- Start up universities, research institutes, centers of excellence
- Collaborative governance
 structures
- Partnerships between Universities, Funders, Private and Public

Recalibrating academic incentives to include impact

INCENTIVES (CONT'D)



Encourage potentially high-impact, interdisciplinary work

Transdisciplinary and interdisciplinary

- One health
- Open Science
- Academic Leadership and Culture
- Diversity and Talent Management

Incenting translation of research to impact

- Impact rewards
- Innovation and high impact
- Grand Challenges

Annual progress reporting

- Consider progress measures to impact
- Impact narratives

CASE EXAMPLE - STRATEGY EVALUATION PROTOCOL



Background:

- Recognition that research impact was not rewarded
- Position paper: Room for everyone's talents. Towards a new balance in the recognition and reward of academics

They proposed 5 characteristics:

- Enable the diversification and vitalization of career 1. paths, thereby promoting excellence in each of the key areas
- Acknowledge the independence and individual 2. qualities and ambitions of academics as well as recognizing team performances
- Emphasize quality of work over quantitative results 3. (such as number of publications)
- Encourage all aspects of open science 4.
- Encourage high-quality academic leadership 5.

Strategy Evaluation Protocol – 3 Criteria

Box 2: Research assessment criteria from the Dutch Strategy Evaluation Protocol

Research quality: the quality of the unit's research over the past six-year period is assessed in its international, national or - where appropriate - regional context. The assessment committee does so by assessing a research unit in light of its own aims and strategy. Central in this assessment are the contributions to the body of scientific knowledge. The assessment committee reflects on the guality and scientific relevance of the research. Moreover, the academic reputation and leadership within the field is assessed. The committee's assessment is grounded in a narrative argument and supported by evidence of the scientific achievements of the unit in the context of the national or international research field, as appropriate to the specific claims made in the narrative. The protocol explicitly follows the guidelines of the San Francisco Declaration on Research Assessment (DORA) adopted by KNAW, VSNU and NWO.

Societal relevance: the societal relevance of the unit's research in terms of impact, public engagement and uptake of the unit's research is assessed in economic, social, cultural, educational or any other terms that may be relevant. Societal impact may often take longer to become apparent. Societal impact that became evident in the past six years may therefore well be due to research done by the unit long before. The assessment committee reflects on societal relevance by assessing a research unit's accomplishments in light of its own aims and strategy. The assessment committee also reflects, where applicable, on the teaching-research nexus. The assessment is grounded in a narrative argument that describes the key research findings and their implications, while it also includes evidence for the societal relevance in terms of impact and engagement of the research unit.

Viability: the extent to which the research unit's goals for the coming six-year period remain scientifically and societally relevant is assessed. It is also assessed whether its aims and strategy as well as the foresight of its leadership and its overall management are optimal to attain these goals. Finally, it is assessed whether the plans and resources are adequate to implement this strategy. The assessment committee also reflects on the viability of the research unit in relation to the expected developments in the field and societal developments as well as on the wider institutional context of the research unit.

CASE EXAMPLE – UMC UTRECHT

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UMC Utrecht has a guide for reviewers that states that "scientific research in the UMC Utrecht should be evaluated on societal impact and not just on scientific excellence. It means that an evaluation should not just focus on output or 'deliverables' or other scientific end-products. The evaluation should also appreciate how research aims to create societal impact."

The guide sets out an evaluation framework that includes goals and suggested indicators for the subcategories of Structure, Process and Outcomes

3. Outcomes	3.1 Research products for peers	Describe the three most important research products for peers,	EXAMPLES
(based on		consisting of key publications other forms of research output, such	- Key publications
Standard		as scientific/scholarly books, instruments, infrastructure,	- Researchers from our unit set up a patient cohort
Evaluation		intellectual property, datasets, software tools or designs that the	- Researchers developed a bioinformatics tool
Protol 2015-		unit has developed; number of dissertations	
2021)	3.2 Research products for	Provide the three most important examples of research products	EXAMPLES
	societal target groups	for societal target groups, e.g. reports (for example for	- Researcher X co-wrote a policy report used by the government
		policymaking); articles in professional journals for non-academic	- Research Y created a dataset availble to other researcher
		readers; other outputs (instruments, infrastructure, intellectual	- Researcher Z was invited on a television show to explain his/her
		property, datasets, software tools or designs that the unit has	research or as an expert in the field
		developed) for societal target groups; or outreach activities, for	
		example lectures for general audiences and exhibitions.	
	3.3 Use of research products by	Provide the three most important examples on how research	EXAMPLES
	peers	products are being used, e.g. in terms of citations for selected	-One of our papers from last year (plus reference), gathered X
		articles; the use of datasets, software tools, etc. by peers; use of	citations or downloads
		research facilities by peers	-Colleagues from a foreign research institute used our assay or our
			dataset
	3.4 Use of research products by	Provide the three most important examples of use of research	EXAMPLES
	societal groups	products by societal groups, e.g. implementation of new	-Provisionary reimbursement of new treatment by Zorginstituut
		treatments/acceptance as standard of care (also by health	-Professional society changes treatment guideline based on
		insurers); incorporation of products in guidelines; use of research	research by our unit
		facilities by societal parties; projects in cooperation with societal	
		parties; contract research	
	3.5 Marks of recognition from	Provide the three most important examples of recognition from	EXAMPLES
	peers	peers, e.g. science awards/scholarly prizes; research grants	-Researcher X received a prize from a scientific society
		awarded to individuals; invited lectures; membership of scientific	-Researcher Y received a prestigious personal grant from a national
		committees, editorial boards, etc.	funder
	3.6 Marks of recognition from	Provide the three most important examples of marks of recognition	EXAMPLES
	analatal around	from societal groups, e.g. public prizes, appointments/positions	-Prof. X advises the minister of Health about health care policy
	societal groups		
	societal groups	paid for by societal parties, membership of civil society advisory bodies; valorisation funding	-Associate professor Y is member of the Health Council



Source - https://assets-eu-01.kc-usercontent.com/546dd520-97db-01b7-154d-79bb6d950a2d/a2704152-2d16-4f40-9a4b-33db23d1353e/Format-Impactindicator-evaluation-pilot-incl-introduction.pdf 9





GROUP DISCUSSION

Discussion question:

- 1. What other key incentives exist for rewarding societal impact of research at your institution?
 - Any emerging practices that you would like to share?





2. EMBEDDING SOCIETAL IMPACT INTO INSTITUTIONS

IMPACT CULTURE AND MINDSET

- Starting with the Why institutional purpose and desired impact
- To bridge traditional "communities" of academics and non-academics, trust and informal knowledge sharing are key enablers
- Knowledge flourishes in trust-based communities (ask questions, understand partner organisations, etc.)
- Different cultures across stakeholder groups (language, norms, speed, what is credible evidence etc.)



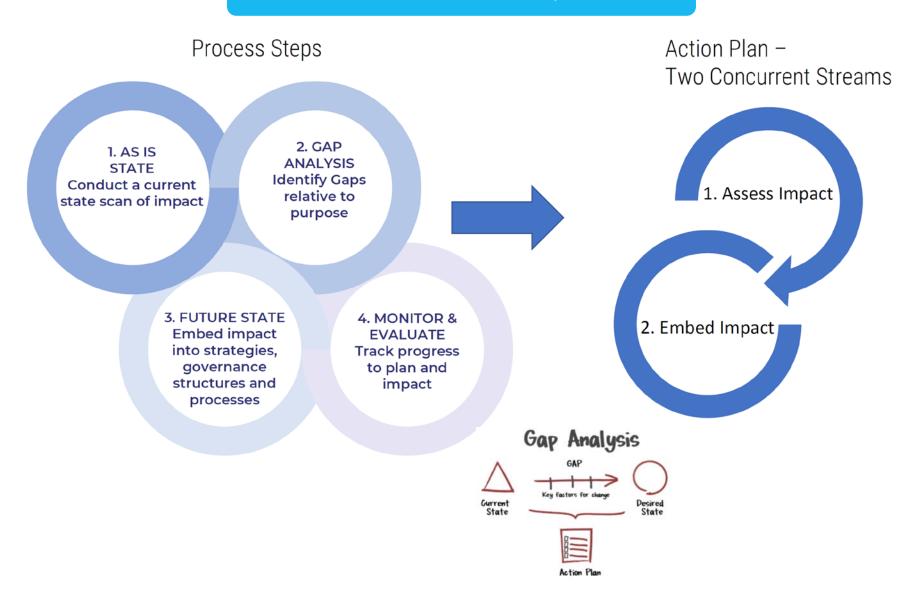
"Culture isn't just one aspect of the game, it is the game, an organization is nothing more than the collective capacity of its people to create value" Louis V. Gerstner Jr., Former IBM CEO

IMPACT TOOLSET

IMPACT ACTION

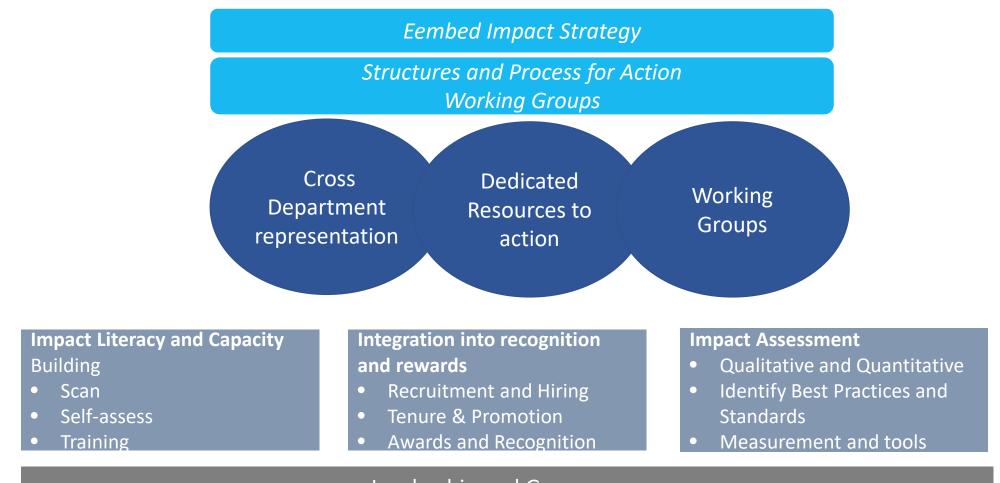


Institutional Societal Impact



ACTION PLAN





Leadership and Governance Engagement and Communications Strategies

Tool Box



Monitor progress to plan Phased approach

SHARED LESSONS - UNIVERSITIES EMBEDDING IMPACT (EXAMPLES)



Kings College (UK) – Service and Societal Impact

Universities need new social contract with public, new book argues

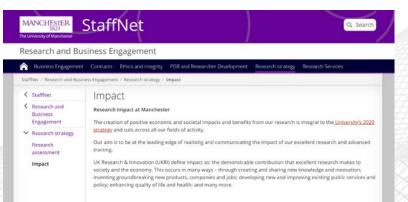
Social respo

New Learning about Learning Jonathan Grant The New Power University The social purpose of higher education in the 21st century



https://www.kcl.ac.uk/news/universitiesneed-new-social-contract-with-publicnew-book-argues

University of Manchester (UK)



https://www.staffnet.manchester.ac.uk/rbe/r esearch-strategy/impact/

Why does impact matter?

University of Wollongong (Australia)



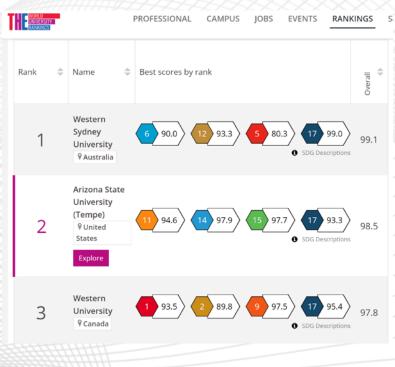
For over 40 years, the University of Wallingsong has created pathways for research to have beneficial impacts in the broader community. From its very beginning, UOW has encouraged and nurtured engagement with industry, community and government to tackle the most pressing challenges, introduce discuptive technologies and change our world for the beter.

The University of Wollongong has formalised its commitment to meaningful change through the Research Impact Strategy White Report This documents outlines the University's vision for supporting researcher development at LOW, addressing the UN Sustainable Development. Cosk ISOO) and steengthening our research engagement and Impact. The implementation of the recommendations made in the Research Impact Strategy White Paper will ensure that the University's research continues to make contributions to the economy, to society, the environment and to culture. Its researchers are committed to engaging with organisations and individuals outside of the University that will directly benefit from the results of the collaboration.

This site is designed to give UOWs partners, stakeholders and the broader community interested in its work an introduction to the advances it's making is engagement and real-world impact.

https://research-impact.uow.edu.au/research-engagementand-impact-at-uow/

Impact Rankings



https://www.timeshighereducation.com/worlduniversity-rankings







GROUP DISCUSSION

Discussion questions:

1. What type of structures, processes, and/or practices have you found useful for embedding impact into your institution?



3. TEAMSET

SKILLS AND COMPETENCIES FOR TOMORROW

TEAMSET - SKILLS AND COMPETENCIES FOR TOMORROW



Acquiring the right skills and core competencies to maximize the impact of institutional, team/individual research

Three Case Examples

- ARIS (US) advances individual and institutional capacity to communicate research impacts to society
- Al Impact Action Lab (Canada) enhances individual, institutional and ecosystem capacity to activate impact of research and innovation
- CIHR (Canada) Health Impact fellowship provides a new set of skills and competencies amongst the University/Health workforce



ARIS TRAINING – US

NRIS

The National Science Foundation (NSF) awarded a \$5.2 million grant to fund the Center for Advancing Research Impact in Society (ARIS). The ARIS Center is housed at the University of Missouri and works with scientists and engagement practitioners to build capacity, advance scholarship, grow partnerships and provide resources to help them engage with and demonstrate the impact of research in their communities and society.







ARIS Training Initiative

Mission – To advance individual and institutional capacity to communicate *research impacts* to society

Team

- Megan Heitmann Iowa State University
- Janice McDonnell Rutgers University
- Jory Weintraub, PhD Duke University

Programs

- Courses and Workshops
- Resource/Curriculum Development
- Expanding Institutional Capacity for RI Support (ORIC)

ARIS CONTINUED



ARIS Program to Enhance Organizational Research Impact Capacity (ORIC)

https://researchinsociety.org/training/program-to-enhance-organizational-research-impact-capacity-oric/



Jory Weintraub, PhD ARIS Co-PI/Leadership Team/Training Team jory@duke.edu

ORIC Overview

Objective: To support institutions and organizations as they build or enhance internal capacity to support *research impacts* (RI) efforts

1-year, cohort-based program (5 institutions/orgs per cohort)

Built around a series of RI milestones

Provides training, mentoring, resources, community-building

RI Team (RI Professionals and Administrative Partner)

The ultimate goal is to increase the number of institutions which are actively and effectively supporting RI efforts (through the creation of RI positions, RI office, or simply through increased RI visibility, support and infrastructure).



How Do Participating Institutions Benefit?



AI – IMPACT ACTION LAB

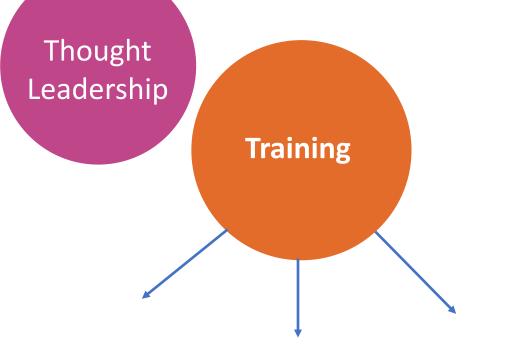


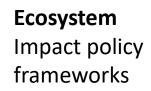
Vision: collaborate globally for excellence in research and innovation impact across all fields of science to address local needs



EMPOWER participants' impact capacity and skills **ADVANCE** impact evidence to inform policy and practice decisions **BUILD** collaborative capacity with the community

IMPACT ACTION LAB OFFERINGS



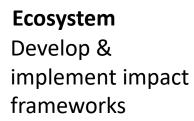


Institutional

- Impact assessment
- Planning for impact
- Scaling up for impact

Individual

- Impact planning
- Impact narratives
- t Measuring Impact



Institutional Embed impact systems into organizations

Impact

Services

Individual

Incorporate impact into grants and initiatives

Ecosystem

Partnerships

R&I Impact 101 Courses & Workshops R&I Impact Master Class Custom Delivery

Lean delivery Comprehensive

CIHR HEALTH SYSTEM IMPACT FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM



Objectives: The Health System Impact Fellowship



Key Design Elements



Support Impact-Oriented Career Paths

· Elevate PhD trainees' and post-doctoral fellows' career readiness and ability to make an impact in a broader range of employment sectors.

Expand and Enrich the Traditional Training Environment

Engage health system and related organizations in preparing a cadre of promising PhD-trained individuals for successful, impactful careers.



Increase Research Capacity within Health System Organizations

Provide health system organizations with direct opportunities to realize and harness the benefits that PhD-trained individuals can bring to such organizations.

Our goal: Prepare the next generation of health services and policy PhD graduates with the professional skills, competencies, experiences and networks to make meaningful and impactful contributions throughout their careers, within and outside of academia.

mersion in a health	high p
stem organization	syste
pansion of traditional	(adapt P
aining environment)	challe
phasis on Enriched	

Impact-oriented project of priority to health em organization hD skills to complex enges in complex

settings)

Co-supervision and mentorship

(from health system & academic leaders)

Em **Core Competencies**

Im

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(supported with a professional development training allowance)

Protected academic time (for post-doctoral research

/doctoral commitments)

National Cohort & Learning Collaborative (to build community &

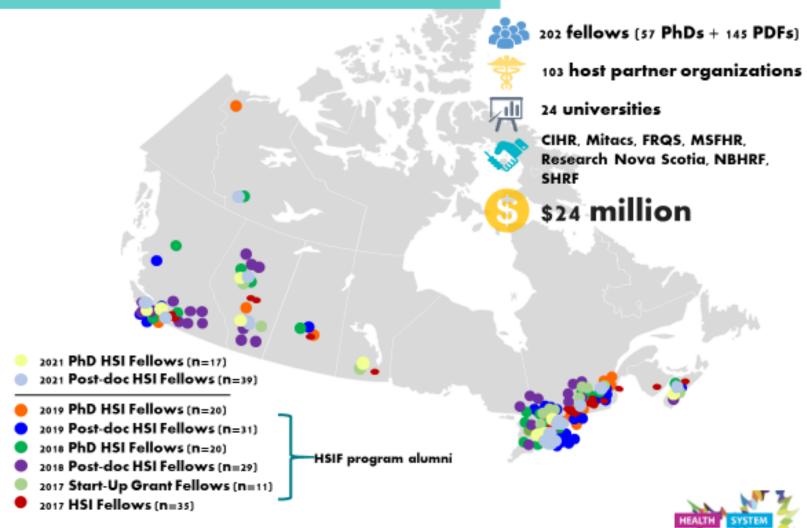
connect with other fellows & mentors)

Discoveries for life

CIHR IMPACT FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM



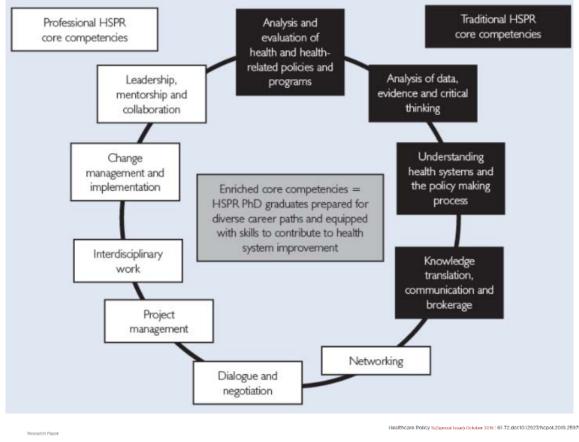
The National Cohort in numbers





ENRICHED CORE COMPETENCY DEVELOPMENT, LEADERSHIP AND RESEARCH SKILLS





Developing Competencies for Health System Impact: Early Lessons learned from the Health System Impact Fellows

Key message: The HSI Fellowship provides an opportunity to develop the full suite of enriched core competencies, particularly in competency domains that are not currently emphasized in HSPR doctoral curriculum. An updated analysis using 3 years of data is underway.





GROUP DISCUSSION

Discussion question:

1. What is the #1 idea or action you would like to apply to your institution after today's session?



KEY MESSAGES

- Work together to create an impact culture and mindset
- Fund and Fellowship
- Realigning incentives to recognize community engagement and impact
- Evaluation criteria linked to desired competencies and skills
- Training to support the development of impact skills for tomorrow
- Support scientists and teams in developing and accessing impact skill sets
- Experiential learning experiences

Don't underestimate the change management effort....





KEY RESOURCES



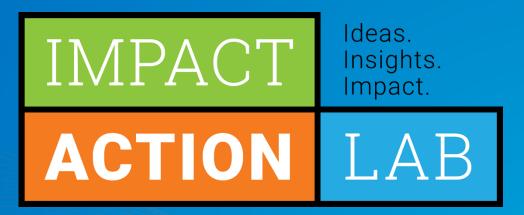
Grant J. (2021). <u>Academic incentives and research impact: Developing reward and recognition systems</u> to better people's lives. Horizon Scan. AcademyHealth

Adam P, et al. (2018). <u>ISRIA statement: ten-point guidelines for an effective process of research</u> <u>impact assessment</u>. *Health Research Policy and Systems,* 16, 8.

VSNU, NFU, KNAW, NWO and ZonMw. (2019). <u>Room for everyone's talents. Towards a new balance in</u> <u>the recognition and reward of academics</u>

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THANK YOU!

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